SAFETY DATA SHEET



SDV Preparative Columns, Greater than 30 ml

Section 1. Identification

This product is considered an article. This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article.

Product identifier	: SDV Preparative Colu	umns, Greater than 30 ml	
Part no.		0301E3, SDP20301E4, SDP20301 0305E2, SDP2030LIS, SDPOTFP2	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture	and uses advised against	
Identified uses	: Analytical chemistry. GPC/SEC column SDP20301E2 SDP20301E3 SDP20301E4 SDP20301E5 SDP20301E6 SDP20305E1 SDP20305E2 SDP2030LIS SDP0TFP20999	SDV 100Å, 20 x 300 mm, SDV 1000Å, 20 x 300 mm, SDV 10000Å, 20 x 300 mm, SDV 100000Å, 20 x 300 mm, SDV 1000000Å, 20 x 300 mm, SDV 50Å, 20 x 300 mm, SDV 500Å, 20 x 300 mm, SDV linear S, 20 x 300 mm, Custom column, SDV/POLE	60- 80 ml 60- 80 ml 60- 80 ml 60- 80 ml 60- 80 ml 60- 80 ml 60- 80 ml
Supplier/Manufacturer Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	 Agilent Technologies, 5301 Stevens Creek Santa Clara, CA 9508 800-227-9770 CHEMTREC®: 1-800 	Blvd 51, USA	

Section 2. Hazard identification

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

Classification of the substance or mixture

H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
H319	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
H351	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Date of previous issue

Signal word	: Danger
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 03/15/2024

Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard statements	 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidneys, liver) Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

Substance/mixture : Mixture (encapsulated in article)			
Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Tetrahydrofuran	Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	≥80	109-99-9

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary	<u>r first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 4. First-aid measures

	waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	ts
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

See toxicological information (Section 11)

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. May form explosive peroxides. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. personnel Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. **For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition	Protective measures	and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when
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Section 7. Handling and storage

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		source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the hazardous ingredient in this article is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Petrahydrofuran	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).Absorbed through skin.OEL: 295 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OEL: 147 mg/m³ 8 hours.OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.OEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). Absorbed through skin.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).Absorbed through skin.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).Absorbed through skin.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).Absorbed through skin.TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, FURA).STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, FURA).STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	ls
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measure		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.	,
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shoul be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	es
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importar aspects of use.	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 03/15/2024 Date of previous issue	: 07/25/2023 Ve	rsi
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
рН	: Not available.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
Odor	: Not available.		
Color	: Not available.		
Physical state	: Solid. (containing flammable liquid)		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.								
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -18 to 2	23°C (-0.4 1	:o 73.4°F	⁻) [Ba	ased on s	solvent	t.]		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.								
Flammability	:	Contains: Flammabl	le liquid							
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.								
Vapor pressure	:		Vapo	r Pressu	ire at	t 20°C	V	apor p	ress	ure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Me	thod	mm Hg	kP	a	Method
		₽ etrahydrofuran	127.51036	17	-		-	-		-
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.	1		<u> </u>		1	1		
Relative density	:	Not available.								
Solubility(ies)	:	Media				Result				
		Mobile phase Stationary phase				Soluble nsoluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.								
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C		°F		Metho	bd	
		Tetrahydrofuran		215		419		DIN 5	1794	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				I		1		
Viscosity	:	Not available.								
Particle characteristics										
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.								
Section 10. Stabili	ty	and reactivi	ty							
	-		-							

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Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: extended storage Reactions may include the following: formation of explosive peroxides
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May form explosive peroxides.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Tetrahydrofuran	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1650 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Repeated exposure may cause	se skin dryness	or cracking.	
Sensitization				
Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Classification				
Product/ingredient name		IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Tetrahydrofuran		2B	-	A3
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Specific target organ toxici	i <u>ty (single exposure)</u>			

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
Tetrahydrofuran	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Tetrahydrofuran	Category 2	-	kidneys, liver

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
General	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prol or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.	onged
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level exposure.	of
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SDV Preparative Columns, Greater than 30 ml	2371.9	3593.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tetrahydrofuran	1650	2500	N/A	53.6605	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute LC50 2160000 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 367 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	96 hours 33 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Tetrahydrofuran -		-	Inherent

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	-	Low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article. Since the hazardous ingredient is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	UN3175	UN3175	UN3175	
UN proper shipping name	SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tetrahydrofuran)	SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tetrahydrofuran)	Solids containing flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Tetrahydrofuran)	
Date of issue/Date of	revision : 03/15/2024 Date	of previous issue : 07/25/2023	Version : 2 10/12	

Section 11 Transport information

Section 14. Transport information							
Transport hazard class(es)	4.1			4.1		4.1	
Packing group	11			11		11	
Environmental hazards	No.			No.		No.	
Proof of classific statement	ation	:	Product classified Goods Regulatior			e Transportation o	of Dangerous
Additional inform TDG Classificatio		:	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.20-2.22 (Class 4). <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 1 <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 15 <u>Special provisions</u> 16, 56 				
IMDG		1	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-I Special provisions 216, 274				
ΙΑΤΑ		:	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 15 kg. Packaging instructions: 445. Cargo Aircraft Only: 50 kg. Packaging instructions: 448. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 5 kg. Packaging instructions: Y441.				
Special precautio	ons for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				
Transport in bulk to IMO instrumen		:	Not available.				

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists				
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: tetrahy	/drofuran		
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.			
International regulations				
Chemical Weapon Conve	ntion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals			
Not listed.				
Montreal Protocol Not listed.				
Stockholm Convention or	<u>n Persistent Organic Pollutants</u>			
Not listed.				
Rotterdam Convention or	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)			
Not listed.				
UNECE Aarhus Protocol o	on POPs and Heavy Metals			
Not listed.	-			
Inventory list				
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.			
United States	: All components are active or exempted.			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 03/15/2024 Date of previous issue : 07/	/25/2023	Version : 2	11/12

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 03/15/2024
Date of previous issue	: 07/25/2023
Version	: 2
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	Expert judgment
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE	Calculation method
EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE	Calculation method
EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED	Calculation method
EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1	On basis of test data

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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